



Tall Evening Primrose Oenothera elata

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Other Names: Hooker's Evening Primrose, Marsh Evening Primrose

Description:

From a basal rosette rises one or more unbranched stems, bearing bright yellow, sweetly scented, four petaled flowers that open at night; a biennial that gets established in the first year, then flowers in the second during summer and fall

Ornamental Features

Tall Evening Primrose has masses of beautiful fragrant yellow cup-shaped flowers along the stems from mid summer to early fall, which emerge from distinctive red flower buds, and which are most effective when planted in groupings. Its pointy leaves remain olive green in color throughout the season. The dark red stems can be quite attractive.

Landscape Attributes

Tall Evening Primrose is an herbaceous biennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.



Tall Evening Primrose flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Tall Evening Primrose in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

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- Spreading
- Self-Seeding

Tall Evening Primrose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Tall Evening Primrose will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and tends to be biennial, meaning that it puts on vegetative growth the first year, flowers the second, and then dies. However, this species tends to self-seed and will thereby endure for years in the garden if allowed.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under typical garden conditions. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. This plant does not require much in the way of fertilizing once established. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of our region..